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You ought to see them! They beggar description. Children's novelties in head-wear a specialty.

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We offer our samples at a liberal discount; perfect goods but slightly soiled.

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Mckee & Co., : Wholesale Boots and Shoes, 93 & 95 South Meridian St., Indianapolis.

"QUICK MEAL" GAS AND GASOLINE STOVES. All styles and sizes. "QUICK MEAL" IS THE BEST. We have the agency for sale of the "M. & D."

BANGE, so well known as the BEST WROUGHT STEEL BANGE IN THE MARKET. "M. & D." Gas Range, with broiler even. You do not know what perfect brofling is until you have broiled BELOW a gas flame. These broilers can be attached to any range. "GATE CITY" Stone Filter.
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Buy INDIANAPOLIS-MADE STOVES, and have no delay in getting repairs. INDIANAPOLIS STOVE CO., 71 & 73 South Meridian Street

- THE -

FOUR ROUTE

In connection with the LAKE SHORE & MICHI-GAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY, will run the FIRST GRAND EXCURSION

Niagara: Falls

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22.

Only \$5 Round Trip FROM INDIANAPOLIS.

\$1 more to Toronto; \$5 more to Thousand Islands,

Tickets good returning until Monday, June 27, inclusive. Don't miss this opportunity to visit the greatest cataract in all the world—Nature's grandest wonder. Solid trains, with Paiace Sleeping Cars, Reclining-chair Cars and elegant Coaches through to Niagara Falls. Don't miss it. It will be the first. It will be the best. It will be the cheapest. Make your arrangements in advance to go via the Big Four Route and Lake Shore & Michigan Southern by, along the beautiful shores of Lake Erie.

Erie.
For tickets and full information call on Agents of The Big Four route,
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N. Y., L. E. & W. R. R. LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS JUNE 12.

Tickets good to return from Buffalo and Niagara Falls up to and including June 17. Usual side trips.

19 Secure Sleeping car space immediately at U.,
H. & D. Office, corner Illinois street and Kentucky avenue.

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PITCH GAS TAR PITCH

FOR SALE

INDIANAPOLIS GAS 49 South Pennsylvania St.

A FINE, NUTTY FLAVOR.

The well-baked loaf has a better flavor than that which is not well baked. A bread made from a sponge which has undergone quick fermentation develops a fine nutty flavor, very pleasant to the taste.

This is a characteristic of Parrott & Taggart's "HOME-MADE" bread. baked in the low-crowned oven.

Ask your grocer for it. Also for P. & T.'s French Honey and Cream Cakes.

BARGAIN.

Residence with large grounds, 200 feet front, Northwest corner Tennessee and Ninth streets. Beautiful grounds, shade and fruit on property. Low prices and favorable terms. Can be subdivided. C. F. SAYLES, 75 East Market.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY.

Examinations for Admission to the College, the Scientific and Professional Schools will be held in Chicago, Cincinnati and Cleveland, on June 28, 30, July 1 and 2, under the charge of University officers. For particulars and past examination papers, address FRANK BOLLES, Secretary, Cambridge, Mass.

COLUMBIA FLOUR. ASK YOUR GROCER BEST IN THE WORLD.

Princess Flour. Made by Blanton, Watson & Co.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

Convention of Friends of the Enterprise-Speeches by Mr. Estee and Warner Miller.

St. Louis, June 2.-The delegates from twenty-five or more States and various commercial bodies of the Union gathered this morning in Entertainment Hall of the exposition building to open the first session of the Nicaragua canal convention. Ex-Governor E. O. Stanard, of St. Louis, was chosen presiding officer. The usual committees were ordered appointed, and then Governor Francis, of Missouri, welcomed the delegates to the State. At the close of the Governor's address Hon. M. M. Estee, of California, was called upon to explain the purposes and objects of the gathering. which had its inception in his State. He

did so in a lengthy address.

Hon. Warner Miller was next introduced, and presented to the convention the history of the canal question, which he stated dated back hundreds of years from the day that Columbus set out, not to discover a new world, but a new route to the Orient. Turning then to more recent history, he gave in detail the various efforts to secure a shorter route to the Pacific. The physical conditions on the Isthmas of Nicaragua, with the work already done, were next detailed, and then the speaker came to the matter of the determination by engineers of the feasibility of the canal, all of which heretofore has been widely published. He also referred to diplomatic negotiations, concessions and charters of the past, and now a matter of history. Finance was the next subject treated, and the speaker proceeded to show wherein the company was entitled to appeal to the public for funds to continue a work on which it has already expended \$5,000,000 as a guarantee of its

WHO CAN SHE BE?

One of Chicago's Wealthy Society Leaders to Be Arrested for Smuggling Laces.

CHICAGO, June 2 .- A morning paper says when the next Atlantic liner reaches New York an event will happen that will convulse the local 150 and send a chill of horror down the back-bone of Chicago's fashionable world. It will almost certainly be nothing less than the arrest by stony. hearted female Treasury detectives of one of the wealthiest of Chicago's social leaders for common, ordinary, "4(0"-grade smuggling. In some way the Treasury officials here received reliable inforthat a Chicago society eader had bought in France and England some seven thousand dollars' worth of fine jewelry and laces, which she intended to smaggle into Uncle Sam's domain without paying duty. So minute is the information as to where the property will be concealed about the woman's person that the New York inspectors, who have been fully advised, know precisely where to look for it. The woman in question, though rolling in wealth, dearly loves to save a dollar, and when her many acquaintances here learn of her discomfiture their condolences will most probably be tendered with concealed joy.

HEROIC ACT OF AN OPERATOR.

Telegraphed to a Physician and to Headquarters After Receiving Fatal Injuries.

MARION, O., June 2 .- Chris Corey, aged thirty-two years, the station agent and operator of the Chicago & Erie rallway, at Decliffe, was run over by a car Tuesday. Both his legs were severed and his body mutilated. After being injured there was no one to send a message for help, and Corey had a trainman hold him up to the instrument while he telegraphed for a physician, and also to headquarters. The injured man died last night.

The Vatican Will Exhibit at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 2.- News of important action, wholly without precedent in the history of the Vatican, was cabled to Chicago to-day. Pope Leo XIII, in order to show his interest in the Columbian exposition and his special respect for the American people, has determined to send an important exhibit from the Vatican. Such a stop was never before taken in regard to a world's fair by the Papal authorities. The cablegram making the announcement of the intention of the Holy Father and authorizing the engagement of space for the exhibit was received from Archbishop Ireland by W. J. Onahan. The text of the message was characteristic of the sender. Archbishop Ireland. It is as follows: "Pope exhibits. Engage space specially."

Died at a Whisky-Cure Institute. WICHITA, Kan., June 1 .- George Bradshaw, son of a prominent resident here, died yesterday from causes alleged to have been brought on by the treatment he was undergoing for the cure of inebriety. He entered what is known as the Huntsinger Institute on Saturday, and soon after taking his first injection his mind became affected. On Sunday he was treated again and soon had spasms. His friends saw the physician in charge, but they advised a continuance of the treatment and gave Bradshaw three injections again yester-

"HELD UP" BY THE DALTONS

Santa Fe Train Robbed by a Notorious Gang in the Cherokee Indian Strip.

The Express Men Fought Hard, but the Outlaws Perforated the Car with Bullets and Took an Unknown Amount from the Safes.

GUTHRIE, O. T., June 2.—Train-robbers held up the south-bound Chicago & Galveston passenger train on the Santa Fe, due here at 11:30 last night, and robbed the express car. The train was delayed two hours and a half. The robbery took place at Red Rock, a water station in the Chero-

The details of the robbery make a story of unexampled outlawry on the part of the bandits, and of brave resistance on the part of the custodians of the express company's property. The robbers were at work the best part of an hour attempting to intimidate the express messengers into submission, and during all that time the messengers were risking their lives in the defense of the company's property. The robbery was a unique one in the history of Indian Territory outlawry. In the first place, the robbers got everything in sight. Again, during a battle between the messengers and the bandits, in which fully two hundred shots were fired, not a man was wounded. Then, again, the robbers were of gentlemanly appearance and deportment in their relations with the trainmen, who were not pressed into their service, and with the passengers, several of whom conversed with the robbers' leader. Finally, the robbery was doubtless committed by members of the notorious Dalton gang, for whom large rewards are still standing, and who were even then being tracked by a detective and his posse, who were then behind them not more than a

day's journey on horseback.
It was 10 o'clock when the train reached Red Rock, in the northwest corner of the Otoe and Missouri reservation in the Indian strip. Just as it was pulling out, a few minutes later, two men, with black masks covering their faces, jumped suddenly into the engine's cab from the tender, covering the engineer and firemen with their revolvers, commanded them to run the train down to the stockyards and to stop at a given signal. Carl Mack, the engineer, and Frank Rogers, the fireman, obeyed the command. To have resisted would have meant death. When the train stopped the two robbers

were joined by five masked companions. Their leader forced the engineer and fireman to walk back to the express car, and commanded the fireman to break open the door with his coal pick. E. C. Whitlesy, the messenger, and J. A. Reihl, the guard, anticipating what was going on when the train came to a stand-still, had blown out the lights in the car and refused to allow any one to enter. The bandits opened fire on the men from all sides, but the two men within responded promptly, siming all their shots at the door. The highwaymen shot into the car from all quarters, even getting under it and shooting through the floor. Their firing, however, was all to no effect, for the messengers bravely stood their ground. In the meantime one of the robbers had chopped a hole in the door of the car large enough to admit a man's body, and the fireman was told to crawl through it into the car. This placed him literally between two fires, and engineer Mack, seeing that it meant death to his companion, explained the situation to the messengers within and told them to cease

When the robbers at last entered the express car they covered those within with their guns, and with a sledge-hammer and chisel, toke open both the way and through safe and robbed them of everything of value. They also took \$50 and a gold watch from the guard of the express car. Messenger Whitlesy had hidden his money and watch and the robbers got noth-

ing from him. The robbers are described by several of the passengers who talked with them as being well dressed and of gentlemaniy appearance and bearing. This is especially true of the leader, who apologized to the engineer for a rough remark made by one of his crowd, and promised him that it should not occur again. The leader, in conversation with a passenger, asked for some smoking tobacco. The passenger reached into his coat-tail pocket for it, when the robber told him if it was in his hip pocket he had better not attempt to get it.

The amount secured by the robbers is unknown, as the express company has made no statement. After the robbery the men mounted their horses and rode off to the southwest. The Daltons are charged with the crime and, judging from the de-scription given of the robbers by those who are acquainted with the Daltons, it was undoubtedly the notorious gang. A detective and posse had been on the latter's track for some time. Only a day or so ago one of the gang bought eighteen boxes of cartridges at Oklahoma City and afterwards escaped the vigilance of his pursuers. A strong posse was organized here late last night and went up to the scene of the robbery on a freight train. It is thought that the robbers can be easily tracked on account of the wet ground. Messenger Whitlesy is anthority for the statement that less than \$5,000 was secured. Notwithstanding this statement later information from a reliable source goes to show that the amount of money secured is not known, but it is likely, it is said, to have been many thousands. The money obtained is thought to have been intended for Indian payments.

Explosion and Fire.

PITTSBURG, June 2.-At 3 o'clock this morning an explosion of chemicals cecurred in the mixing department of the Pittsburg Plate-glass Company at Creighton Station. The building burned rapidly, and within an hour the plant was almost destroyed. The loss is estimated at from \$50,000 to \$60,000, with an insurance of \$19,-000. One thousand men will be thrown out of employment until the works are rebuilt.

General Macauley III. WASHINGTON, June 2.-General Macauley, of Indiana, appointment clerk of the freasury, is very ill in this city with bronchial troubles.

ANYTHING TO BEAT HARRISON

The President's Opponents Will Leave Nothing Undone to Gain Their Ends.

Strenuous Efforts Will Be Made to Pack the Convention Hall at Minneapolis with a Crowd That Will Yell Only for Blaine.

Regularly Chosen Harrison Delegates Will Be Ousted and Antis Seated.

In Fact Every Trick That Is Known to Shrewd Politicians Will Be Resorted to to Organize the Convention in Another's Interest.

Chairman J. S. Clarkson Finally Comes Out Boldly for the Maine Man.

Indiana Republicans Begin Work in Earnest for Their Favorite and Are Confident He Will Be Nominated Next Week.

They See Nothing to Change Their Opinion that Harrison Has a Majority.

Taiks with Mr. New, Mr. Clarkson and Others on the Ground-McKinley for Permanent Chairman-Gossip from All Quarters.

HOW IT LOOKED YESTERDAY. The President's Enemies Will Resort to

Ward Tactics in an Effort to Defeat Him. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 2.- The advance guard to the great convention, which began to arrive yesterday, was augmented to-day by the arrival of Messrs, Clarkson, Fassett, Conger, Payne and others representing the alleged friends of Mr. Blame, while Hon. John C. New, of Indiana, and T. H. Carter, of Montana, joined Michener, Gowdy, Mellette, Spooner and others of the President's following. Headquarters are being established and preliminaries arranged for opening the battle. It is quite evident that there is to be a fight, and a vigorous one at that, at least if the manifestations of the President's adversaries are to be accepted in good faith; but the advocates of four years more of clean, honest and capable government are prepared to meet any emergency and to resist with vigor the onslaught that is to be made.

Thus far but few of the delegates have arrived, and they are scattered, not a single delegation having as yet reported in full. The opposition have not yet outlined a plan of procedure, but no political sharp practice known to the profession will be omitted in the attempt to defeat the President, and enough is known to satisfy every one that an attempt will be made to pack the convention by those having it in charge, and whatever can be accomplished by the presence of a yelling crowd of accredited Blaine boomers will be sought. Not a single one of the gentlemen who claim to represent the Secretary of State makes any claim to having authority from him, either directly or indirectly, to present his name to the convention, but meet all questions put to them with a view to developing this fact with a shrug of the shoulders and the statement of a belief that Mr. Blaine would accept were the nomination tendered him. It is admitted that all the people loudest in their demands for Blaine have never been distinguished as his friends when he needed them most-in 1876, in 1880 or in 1884-and this fact undoubtedly has its effect.

PLANS OF THE OPPOSITION. The plan, as far as it has been developed, is about as follows: A number of contests have been recently instituted in the Southern States with a view to unseating properly elected Harrison delegates and the substitution of others contrary minded. This is to be accomplished, if possible, by the temporary organization. A majority of the national committeemen are opposed to Harrison, and by them the temporary chairman is designated. As a matter of course, this sort of politics, applied to a national convention, would meet with the resentment of every fair-minded man, but it is apt to be tried notwithstanding. When nominations are cailed for the names of President Harrison and General Alger will be presented, and Mr. Blaine's withheld. When the balloting begins, one among the first States called will cast for Blaine as many of its votes as can be controlled by the antis, and his name being presented in this way, as many votes as it may be possible to have cast against the President will follow as the States are called in a ballot hurried to completion. It is hoped by this means to carry the convention off its feet, and, if not successful in nominating Blaine, to place the President in a position to impel

him to decline. One thing that is to be done to manufacture some of the much-talked-of "spontaneous" enthusiasm is to have a great local meeting here on Tuesday night, and the opponents of the President in the national committee have designated Governor Foraker and ex-Speaker Reed as the centrai figures among the orators for the occasion. The intent of this, of course, is ap-

The newspapers of this city and St. Paul are treating every one fairly, and while it is plainly evident that the capacity of the town will be greatly overtaxed, every effort is being made to accord comfortable accommodations to all who come. This section of the Northwest is confessedly the stronghold of the Blaine sentiment, and it is to be expected that his friends will predominate locally, and yet to-day Harrison badges prevail in the ratio of at least four to one. The atmosphere will begin to clear to-morrow, but not before Sunday, when the delegatious shall have arrived, can any opinion be hazarded that will have more merit than that accorded to a good guesser.

HARRISON WILL HAVE A MAJORITY. As things stand to-night there is not a shadow of a doubt that the President will have a good majority of the delegates, but it must be conceded that there is not a trick in politics that is not known to his opponents, and their identity is sufficient reason for asserting that they will all be resorted to. If sharp practice can set at naught the will of the party, if the scheming of shrewd politicians can be made to thwart the popular will, the President is in danger; otherwise he will be

with pride by the country at large, will be once more called upon to lead his party to the victory to which his superb and resplendent administration has entitled it.

Whatever preliminary sparring has been done to date has been on the question of the temporary organization. The executive committee of the rational committee being unfriendly to the President, their apparent intention is to select for temporary chairman a man who affiliates with rary chairman a man who affiliates with them and will do their bidding. Their recommendation, however, must be ratirecommendation, however, must be ratified by the full national committee, and it develops now that, contrary to general belief, a majority of the committee is friendly to Harrison and will reject a nomination not to their liking. The Harrison men do not insist upon any particular individual, but it is probable that Gen. Horace Porter, of New York, would be their choice. The antis talk of John M. Langston, and seem to have abandoned the purpose of nominating Mr. Fassett. Mr. Reed is not a delegate, and therefore out of the question.

The opposition expresses great confidence in the final outcome, but they give no figures, and the source of their strength is not visible.

Powell Clayton, of Arkansas, reached here to-night and joins forces earnestly with the President's friends.

Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, will likely follow Hon. R. W. Thompson in seconding the re-nomination of the President. He is a power for the administra-

WHAT THE POLITICIANS SAY.

tion, and doing most excellent work.

Clarkson Comes Out Boldly for Blaine-Mr. New Doing Good Work for Harrison. MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 2.- The city of Minneapolis contains more Republican party leaders than any other city in the country to-night, but there is a great scarcity of delegates, and it is generally conceded that it is the delegates who are to make the presidential nomination next week. Until the latter arrive, therefore, in sufficient numbers to enable one to determine the consensus of opinion, all piemust be accepted as but idle prophecy founded on personal preference.

All day the lobbies of the West Hotel have been thronged with leaders of national reputation, but diligent inquiry has failed to discover a single man who is not here for a purpose, and who does not have a strong personal candidate for the presidency. Thus it is that men of acknowledged political astuteness are found to differ diametrically as to their predictions of the result of the convention, and whose preferences are generally divided between Harrison and Blaine. An Alger man now and then suddenly appears and adds zest to the argument by the confident prediction that the Michigan man will ultimately bound to the front as the compromise candidate of the convention. The Blaine and Harrison managers both

arrived on early morning trains and established headquarters at the leading hotel. The confidence with which the self-constituted Blaine boomers announce that he would accept the nomination if it were extended him, and the calm assurance with which they are prosecuting the contest in his behalf, has suddenly given seriousness to the whole Blaine movement, and the more careful politicians are to-night directing their attention to a diligent analysis of the probable vote of the various State delegations. In the matter of figures the Harrison managers point to the States which have given positive instructions for the President, and then cite the assurances of support which they claim to be daily receiving from uninstructed delegations. The Blaine people give details, but claim about every thing in sight, not limiting their figures to those States in which no instructions were given, but claiming scores of votes from States positively instructed for Harrison. Hon. John C. New, of Indiana, consulgeneral to London, and Indiana's member of the national committee, is at the head of the Harrison people, and Hop. James S. Clarkson, of lowa, chairman of the national committee, is recognized as the leader of the Blaine movement. His fellow-workers in behalf of the Maine man are Hop. J. Sioat Fassett, of New York; Hon. Henry C. Payne, of Wisconein: Col. A. L. Conger. of Ohio: Hon. H. S. Hyde, of Massachusetts, and Hon. John P. Sanborn, of Michigan. all members of the national committee; Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, and Senator Hansbrough, of North Dakota. THE INDIANA WORKERS.

Mr. New's political lieutenants are John K. Gowdy, chairman of the Indiana Republican State committee; M. T. Lightner. of South Dakota, delegate; Hon. L. T. Michener, of Indiana, law partner of W. W. Dudley; ex-Senator John C. Spooner, of Wisconsin, and the following Indianians: R. R. Shiel, S. D. Miller, A. D. Hendrickson, W. T. Durbin, delegate from Anderson, and C. W. Stivers, editor of the Liberty Herald, and also a delegate. All the Indianians unite in asserting that there is complete harmony in their delegation, and that Harrison will receive the unanimous vote of Indiana. In speaking of the Presidential situation.

Mr. New is emphatic in his assertion that Mr. Blaine is not in the race. "The Secretary of State understands the meaning of the English language," said Mr. New, with great deliberation to-day, "and knew what he was doing when he took the people of the country into his confidence by means of his letter of declination. He knew what the result of that letter would be. The first and most important result of the letter was the withdrawal from the race, in favor of General Harrison, of Cullom, Allison, Sherman, Rusk, and numerous others, who, with Blaine in the field, would have made strong fights for themselves. Taking Blaine at his word, all these gentlemen followed him in stepping e and leaving the President clear field. It would be an insult to Mr. Blaine's manhood and integrity to assume, even for argument sake, that he was trifling when he wrote that letter. Not only this, but it would be the grossest injustice to the gentlemen who have been candidates with him and who withdrew when he did. It would be an insult to the people of this country, which could never be forgiven or forgotten. I am looking for no opposition of any importance to Harrison's renomination. There is an anti-Harrison sentiment, it is true, but its weakness and impotency will be manifest before many days are past. What little opposition there is cannot unite. It has tried to settle on Blaine, and after it is settled that Blaine will not run may attempt to unite on somebody else. But it would do no good. We already have a majority of the delegates pledged to our man, and without a great deal of fuss or talk we are going into the convention and nominate him on the first ballot." CLARKSON TALKING FOR BLAINE.

Chairman Clarkson says that on the first ballot Blaine will have six hundred delegates, and that Harrison will have less than half that number. "We want the strongest man in the party," resumed Mr. Clarkson, "and I think James G. Blaine is the man. The present campaign will be one of the fiercest ever known to American politics. In my judgment it has been the certain belief of the masses of the party for two years that Blaine should lead the ticket in 1892. "What is the cause of Mr. Harrison's un-

popularity?" he was asked.
"He is not unpopular. Simply because the people of this country have decided that it might be better not to nominate bim for the second time, it does not follow that Mr. Harrison is unpopular. It simply means that in the opinion of the majority the best interests of the party would be best subserved by the nomination of some other man. The doubtful States of New York, Connecticut, Wisconsin and Indiana ACME MILLS, West Washington St.

86° FOR WAGON WHEAT

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86° FOR WAGON WHEAT

Secretary Blaine spent some time at the wild raving. Bradshaw was again taken with spasms, which lasted until daylight, after an evening of triumphantly and speedily renominated. Wild raving. Bradshaw was again taken with spasms, which lasted until daylight, after an evening of triumphantly and speedily renominated. Wild raving. Bradshaw was again taken with spasms, which lasted until daylight, after an evening of triumphantly and speedily renominated. Wild raving. Bradshaw was again taken with state Department to-day and received several callers, including the Russian, Danish, Swiss and German ministers.

Secretary Blaine spent some time at the striumphantly and speedily renominated. Wild raving and in New York with state Department to-day and received several callers, including the Russian, Danish, steadfast, and, in the opinion of the writer, and a little later he died.

Swiss and German ministers. will have the largest influence in the con-

tion. Sixty of them will vote for Blaine, for there is no truth in the report that Mr. Platt is the only prominent New York Republican for Blaine. Warner Miller, George West, A. C. Cheny, ex-Congressman Burleigh and J. Sloat Fassett are all Blaine

men."
"Will Mr. Blaine accept the nomination?"
Mr. Clarkson was asked.
"I never knew a man to refuse it."
This answer of Chairman Clarkson provoked considerable laughter from the woked considerable laughter from the group of prominent politicians who awaited his reply. In this group were J. Sloat Fassett. H. C. Payne, A. L. Conger, Senator Hansbrough, United States Marshall Wiswell, H. H. Rand, secretary of the Wisconsin State central committee; John F. Burke, president of the National League of College Clubs, and J. P. Sanborn, of Michigan.

"The convention will last about three days, in my opinion," remarked Mr. Clarkson. "I think there is not the slightest doubt that Blaine will be nominated."

"How can be accept the nomination after his letter of declination?" "He will be nominated in spite of him-

EX-SENATOR SPOONER'S VIEWS.

One of the first of the Harrison boomers to reach the scene was ex-Senator J. C. Spooner, of Wisconsin. "I am for Harrison," Mr. Spooner said this afternoon. "I think in justice to himself he should be nominated. I am sure he will be elected. It is conceded on all sides that the present has been one of the wisest and most conservative administrations in the history of the country. I do not see how Mr. Blaine can allow his friends to seriously think of bringing his name before the convention.

bringing his name before the convention.

His letter to Mr. Clarkson, it seemed to me, was final. If he did not mean it he was certainly insincere. I do not see how he can accept the nomination in any event unless it comes to him unanimously. I think Mr. Harrison will be the nominee."

Hen. John P. Sanborn, member of the national committee for Michigan, is here. He is a Biaine man, like others of his colleagues on the committee, and, like other Michigan men, wants Alger for second place in the event of Blaine's nomination for first place. event of Blaine's nomination for first place. Blaine declines, Alger's ir urge their man for first place.

The declaration of Hon. Chauncey M. Depew. in Chicago, last night, that, having always been a Blaine man, he was entitled to have received an intimation if there was any intention on the part of Blaine to be a candidate, but having received no such intimation, he has taken the letter to Clarkson as official and final, has had a slight tendency toward dampening the arder of the local and visiting Blaine boomers. Depew's position is admitted to be a strong one, and especially as he bases it on the personal ground that the old and tried friends of the Secretary of State bave a right to claim his confidence and to be advised by him precisely where he stands, without equivocation or hedging. Clarkson and Fassett combat Depew's position by asserting that Blaine is still not a candidate, but that his party will nominate

him and that he will then show obedience to his party. Secretary of the Interior Noble had intended to attend the convention, and only abandoned the intention last night. This rather surprising information came to the committee on accommodations after they had fully expected the Secretary of the Interior to be here with his family. Secretary Noble, who is something of an everyday politician when at home in St. Louis, however austere he is in public life, has, until a day or two ago, fully intended to attend the convention. It is presumed that he did not desire to subject the administration to any possible criticism by his presence, as he only abandoned his intentions after it became apparent that

there would be some opposition to the President's renomination. MANLEY SUCCEEDS HAYNES.

One sensational incident of the day was a telegram from H. E. Southard, chairman of the Maine State Republican committee, notifying General Clarkson that J. Manchester Haynes, the Maine member of the national committee, had resigned, and that his place had been filled by the election of Joseph H. Manley, ex-postmaster of Augusta. Such was the plain announcement, bearing no great significance on its face, but much in its possibilities. "Manley will be made a member of the executive committee," said Mr. Clarkson. Thus the most trusted of Blame's personal friends, at the very last moment, becomes one of the executive committee, which will have the potential influence over the preliminary proceedings of the convention. It is repeatedly stated here that no man lives who sustains more confidential relations with Blaine than Joseph Manley. He was selected by Blaine to go on the triumphal tour through the States, and of all Blaine's Maine supporters Manley has been most devoted.

The stubborn contest in the Lone Star

State was brought to public attention in a peculiar way to-day. A picturesque figure, which has been seen at every Republican convention for years, appeared in the roman, with keen black eyes and long white hair, which hangs down his shoulders like the loose locks of a prophet, suddenly appeared through the main entrance, and a moment later the old-timers recognized one of the fathers of the Republican party-Gen. A. Banning Norton, of Dallas, Tex. He 18, however, not as old as his long white locks may indicate, for he has worn his hair in that fashion for nearly fifty years. He is the man famous for having declared in 1844-nearly a half century ago-that he would never cut his hair or shave his beard until Henry Clay was elected President. He has kept his vow, and while this old patriarch appears to the stranger almost grotesque in an assmbly more modern in their hirsute adornment, he is highly respected and honored by his party. He was originally a Whig, and has attended all the national conventions of the Republican party but three. He was a Clay elector in 1844 for the Mount Vernon, O., district, where he was born, and where he was a school-mate with William Windom. He was Adjutant-general of Texas under the great Sam Hous-ton, who was Governor. He has been a indge, a legislator, and has twice made a hopeless race for Governor on the Republican ticket. THE TEXAS CONTEST.

General Norton is both a district and a delegate at large from Texas, but with a contest on both sides. "If he loses one he has hopes of the other, for he is bound to stay in the convention. He claims that the first convention held in March to elect delegates for the Sixth district was illegal. Another regularly called convention was held in April, and he was chosen delegate, with Wm. M. McDonald as a colleague, the latter a colored man. The contesting delegates are J. M. McCormick and W. N. Davis (colored). A State convention was also held early at Austin and elected four delegates at large before new apportionment gave the State two more congressional districts and consequently four more delegates to this convention. A later convention met at Dallas, and in effect nullified the work of the Austin convention by electing four delegates at large and four additional delegates for the two new districts, according to the representation to which Texas is entitled. General Norton was one of the delegates at large chosen at this last convention. He says he is for Harrison, for Gresham, or any other good Republican.

Mr. New to-day authoritatively an-nounced that Harrison would be placed in nomination by Chauncey M. Depew. of New York, and that Hon. R. W. Thompson, ex-Secretary of the Navy, would second the nomination on behalf of the State of Indiana. Governor McKinley, of Ohio, is the candidate of the Harrison delegates for permanent chairman of the convention. The way the Indiana delegation of workers passed through Chicago and across the country without any tooting of horns, and arrived on the ground in time to open up the first headquarters has been as much a matter of pride and rejoicing to the supporters of the administration of President Harrison as it was of chagrin to his opponents, who are generally credited with a desire to have done that very thing themselves. The rest of the Indiana delegation